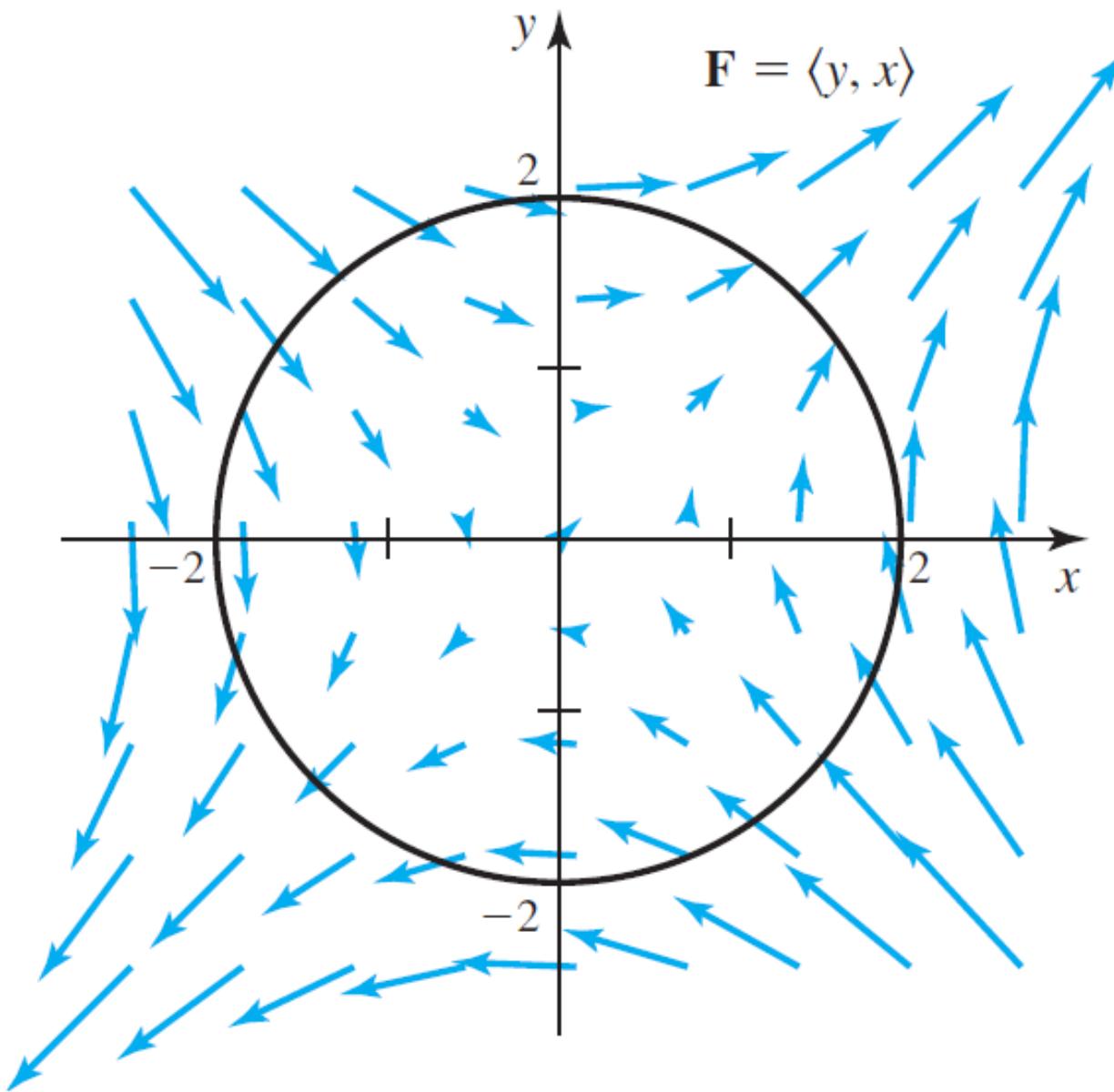


**Problem 1**(Repeated from last week): Consider the flow field  $\mathbf{F} = \langle y, x \rangle$  shown in the figure below.



- Compute the outward flux across the quarter circle  $C: \mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 2 \cos(t), 2 \sin(t) \rangle$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
- Compute the outward flux across the quarter circle  $C: \mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 2 \cos(t), 2 \sin(t) \rangle$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{2} \leq t \leq \pi$ .
- Explain why the flux across the quarter circle in the third quadrant equals the flux computed in part a.
- Explain why the flux across the quarter circle in the fourth quadrant equals the flux computed in part b.
- What is the outward flux across the full circle?



**Problem 2:** An idealized two-dimensional ocean is modeled by the square region  $R = [-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}] \times [-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$ , with boundary  $\mathcal{C}$ . Consider the stream function  $\Psi(x, y) = 4 \cos(x) \cos(y)$  defined on  $R$ . Some of the level curves of  $\Psi$  are shown in the figure below.

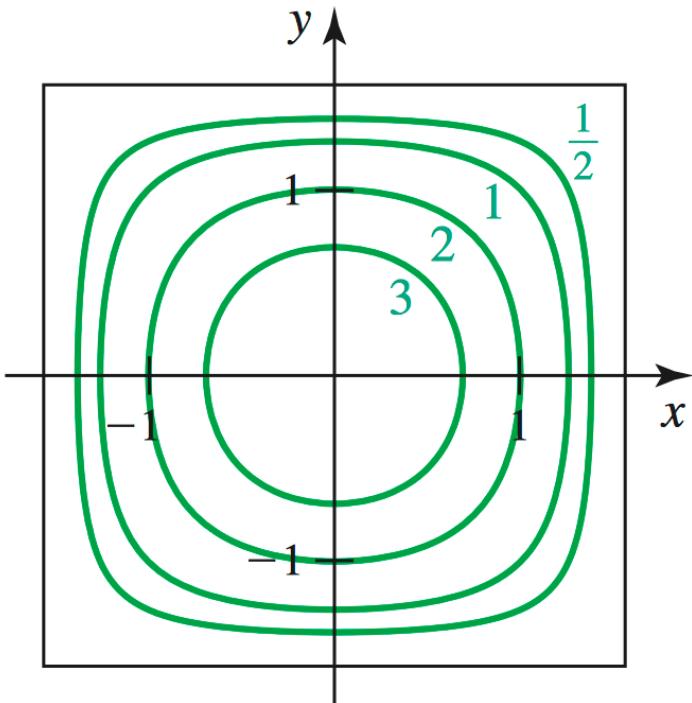
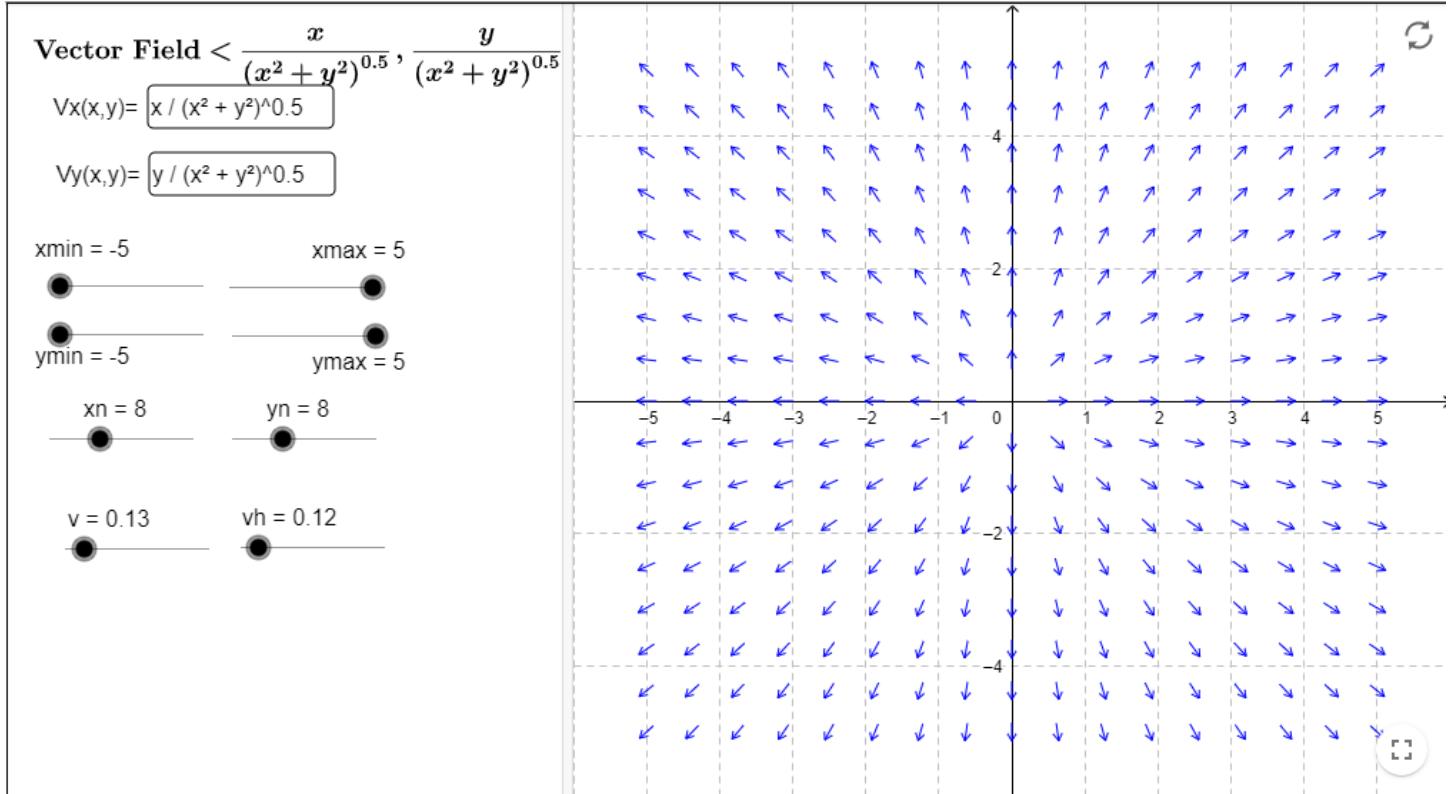


Figure 1: Some level curves of the stream function  $\Psi(x, y)$ .

- (a) The horizontal (east-west) component of the velocity is  $u = \Psi_y$  and the vertical (north-south) component of the velocity is  $v = -\Psi_x$ . Sketch a few representative velocity vectors and show that the flow is counterclockwise around the region.
- (b) Is the velocity field source free? Explain.
- (c) Is the velocity field irrotational? Explain.
- (d) Find the total outward flux across  $\mathcal{C}$ .
- (e) Find the circulation on  $\mathcal{C}$  assuming counterclockwise orientation.



**Problem 3:** Consider the radial field  $\vec{F}(x, y) = \frac{\langle x, y \rangle}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} = \frac{\vec{r}}{|\vec{r}|}$  shown below.



(a) Explain why the conditions of Green's Theorem do not apply to  $\vec{F}$  on a region  $R$  containing the origin.

(b) Let  $R$  be the unit disk centered at the origin and compute

$$\iint_R \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \right) dA. \quad (1)$$

(c) Evaluate the line integral in the flux form of Green's Theorem applied to the region  $R$  and the vector field  $\vec{F}$ .

(d) Do the results of parts (b) and (c) agree? Explain.

